## Bordetella pertussis/parapertussis (Whooping cough) Nasopharyngeal Smear by DFA

**Administering Department:** Microbiology

Test Contact: Vivian Lockary (208) 334-2235 ext 257, Cori Larson ext 255

## **Purpose of Test:**

This test uses direct fluorescence antibody microscopy to detect *Bordetella pertussis*, the causative agent of "Whooping Cough", in smears prepared from nasopharyngeal specimens.

**Sample and Submission Guidelines:** See Bordetella pertussis Collection, Materials and Procedures

## Specimen Rejection Criteria:

- Broken Slides
- Slides without adequate sample material
- Mislabeled slides or specimen
- Unlabeled slides or specimen

Method: Direct Fluorescent Antibody (DFA) Microscopy

## **Possible Results and Meaning:**

- This test can provide presumptive identification on an isolate and should be analyzed in combination with cultural, morphological or serological characteristics.
- A positive DFA on a clinical sample is not indicative of disease because it can result from dead cells or from cross-reaction with other bacteria; therefore, the test results should only be used in conjunction with culture and/or PCR and clinical presentation.
- A negative DFA on a clinical sample does not conclusively rule out infection. Low numbers of organism may not be detected.

Charge for test: There are currently no charges for Bordetella pertussis/parapertussis DFA

Turn-Around-Time: 48 hours

**Links:** www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dbmd/diseaseinfo/pertussis\_t.htm